

Geography

All children – regardless of gender, starting point or background – will have the opportunity to engage with a high-quality geography education. They will be equipped with the knowledge, skills and vocabulary to understand about diverse places, people, resources and natural and human environments. Together with a deep understanding of the earth's key physical and human processes, we will provide children with explanations of how the earth's features are shaped over time. We intend to inspire a sense of enjoyment and curiosity about geography.



UK Regional Study Coastlines, Rivers, Seasonal Patterns

Spring 1

Igniting Prior Knowledge:

Year 1 (World Study - UK & Africa)

- We live in England, in the UK.
- The equator is an invisible line that runs around the centre of the earth.

Year 1 (UK Regional Study- Seasonal Changes)

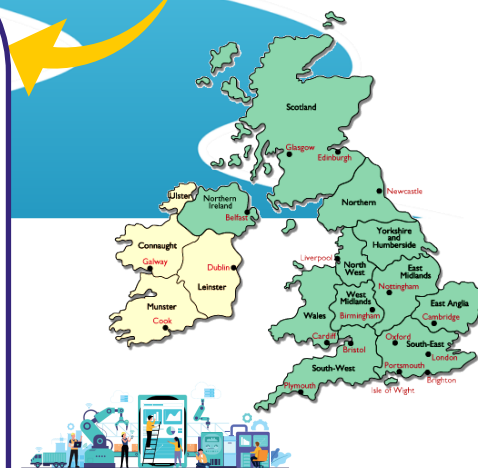
- There are four seasons (spring, summer, autumn, winter).
- The weather is different in all of the seasons.
- The day (light) is longer in summer and shorter in winter.

Key Vocabulary:

- Season
- Weather
- Capital city
- Physical
- Human
- Feature

New Knowledge:

- The UK is in Europe and the four countries in the UK are England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland.
- The capital cities of the four countries in the UK are London, Edinburgh, Cardiff and Belfast.
- The UK is bordered by four seas: North Sea, Irish Sea, Atlantic Sea and English Channel.
- A river is freshwater flowing across the surface of land, usually to the sea.
- There are many rivers across the UK, including the River Thames, River Ouse and River Weaver.
- Weather is the state of the atmosphere at any given time and place.
- Weather patterns are changing due to global warming. For example, seasonal changes such as heat waves in Spring.
- Zoom Earth shows live weather satellite aerial images of the Earth from space.
- A map is a drawing or picture of a landscape or location. Maps usually show the landscape as it would be seen from above, looking directly down. As well as showing the landscape of an area, maps will often show other features such as roads, rivers, buildings, trees and lakes.
- Places can be found on a map using a postcode or simple name search.
- Directional vocabulary is used to show position.
- North is found by locating N on an Ordnance Survey map.
- The Ordnance Survey (OS) is the mapping agency for Great Britain. It creates up-to-date paper and digital Ordnance Survey maps.



Technological Innovation



Environmental Impact